Name of project, policy, function, service or proposal being assessed: The main objective of ( <u>please</u> insert the name of accessed document stated above): What impact will this (please insert	Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan   It is a legal requirement of local planning authorities that they exercise their plan making functions (under s.39(2) of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004) and to put in place a Local Development Document (Local Plan). There is also a legal requirement to review local plans every five years (Regulation 10A of the Town and Country Planning (Local Planning) (England) Regulations 2012).   nsert the name) have on the following Please read guidance before completing.			
Category	Negative	Positive	No impact/ Negligible change	Mitigation/ Comments
Behaviour & Culture Change		Positive		The Plan includes the key objective of <b>Environmentally</b> responsible development addressing climate change: to reduce the causes of climate change and to minimise its impacts, by locating development where it can be accessed by

	sustainable transport; requiring environmentally sensitive design and construction; reducing the risk of flooding; conserving and improving water quality; contributing to carbon neutrality; and addressing air, noise and other types of pollution.
	Publication of the Plan will allow for the increase in awareness of climate change through communication and engagement including with local communities. All comments made through the process will be assessed to help shape the final Plan.
	The Plan is being prepared with the Greater Nottingham Partnership who are leading authorities on climate change and

		will be used to determine the overall scale and broad location for different types of development and strategy for achieving sustainable development over the long term. The Plan covers Broxtowe, Gedling, Nottingham City and Rushcliffe.
		Based on a sound evidence-based approach to addressing impacts from climate change through planning policy, the Plan will be implemented by a range of public and private bodies, developers and community groups who have the necessary skills and resources to deliver and capacity to build
Built Environment	Positive	new skills and knowledge. Policies have a direct effect on how buildings are to be constructed.

	Climate Change Policy 1 requires residential and non residential to achieve net zero regulated operational carbon status through a mixture of improvements to the fabric of the building and use of onsite renewable energy.
	All major developments will also be required to complete whole life carbon assessments to limit embodied carbon use.
	Policy 1 and Policy 10 also set out key principles for addressing climate impact through mitigation by design for example orientation to achieve solar gain and for adaptation to future changes in climate. These policies have been subject to

		comprehensive Sustainability Appraisal as required by legislation. However, it must be acknowledged that these developments will result in a carbon impact due to embodied carbon.
Transport	Positive	The locational strategy is to secure new development in the most accessible locations in order to reduce the need to travel. Policy 14 (Managing Travel Demand) directly addresses climate impact from transport by prioritising new development on sites that already or can be made accessible by walking, cycling and public transport. The Policy seeks to deliver sustainable transport networks to serve new development and prioritises public transport and active

	travel including cycling facilities such as cycle lanes.
	Policy 15 sets out Transport Infrastructure Priorities and includes a number of Active Travel Schemes and Public Transport Improvements.



Climate Impact Assessment

Energy, Natural Resources & Climate Change	Positive	Climate Change Policy 1 will require residential and non- residential to achieve net zero regulated operational carbon status including through the use of onsite renewables. Climate Change Policy 1 will also require development to meet technical standards to prevent overheating. Development should not increase the risk of flooding and Sustainable Drainage Systems will be incorporated into all new development.
Waste Reduction & Recycling	Positive	Encouraging the reduction in energy demand through waste minimisation and use of recycled materials.

Blue-Green	Positive	Policy 16 takes a
	FOSITVE	
Infrastructure/Biodiversity		strategic approach to
		the delivery,
		conservation and
		enhancement of Blue
		and Green
		Infrastructure. Policy
		16 will bring positive
		benefits by
		integrating the
		development strategy
		with the Green
		Infrastructure strategy
		that will seek
		contributions towards
		blue and green
		infrastructure in
		priority locations
		including strategic
		corridors of sub
		regional, county and
		local importance both
		improving the
		network and
		connectivity within the
		network. Emphasis is
		on multi-functional
		blue and green
		infrastructure delivery
		including
		enhancements to the
		natural environment
		that help mitigate
		against climate

					change flood ris	and reduce k.
Procurement & Purch	asing		N/A		No impa	ict
going to be carried out				 	ction including any consulta	tion that is
Planned Actions Consultation on the Publication Draft Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan	Timefr Septer	ame mber 2024	Potential Outcome Possible pre-exam changes to improv	nination	Responsible Officer Planning Policy Manager	
Monitoring of the Greater Nottingham Strategic Plan	From a	adoption onwards	Policies to be monitored Pusing targets and indicators which will feed into a future review of the Plan.		Planning Policy Manager	

Authorisation and Review

Completing Officer	
Authorising Head of Service/Director	
Date	
Review date ( if applicable)	